

22150

II SEMESTER B.Sc. EXAMINATION, JULY/AUGUST 2023

030

SCHEME: SEMESTER (NEP)

MATHEMATICS

ALGEBRA-II (NUMBER THEORY) AND CALCULUS-II

Time: 2 ½ Hours

Max Marks: 60

Instructions: 1. Answer all questions.

2. First question carries 12 marks and remaining questions carry equal marks.

1. Answer any SIX questions. Each question carries two marks. 6x2=12
- a) Solve  $16x \equiv 8 \pmod{17}$ . CO1 LL1
  - b) Find  $\phi(300)$ . CO1 LL1
  - c) State Rolle's Theorem for the function  $f(x)$ . CO2 LL1
  - d) Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right)$ . CO2 LL1
  - e) If  $u = x^y$  find  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$ . CO3 LL1
  - f) If  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y \log x$ , find  $f_{xy}(1, 1)$ . CO3 LL1
  - g) Evaluate:  $\int (2y + x^2) dx - (3x - y) dy$  along the line  $x = 2t$  and  $y = t^2 + 3$  where  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ . CO4 LL1
  - h) Evaluate:  $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (x + y) dy dx$ . CO4 LL1
2. Answer any THREE questions. Each question carries four marks. 3x4=12
- a) State and prove Wilson's Theorem. CO1 LL2
  - b) Find the GCD 216 & 360 and express it as a linear combination of these two integers. CO1 LL2
  - c) Solve  $x \equiv 5 \pmod{7}$ ;  $x \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ . CO1 LL2
  - d) If  $p$  is prime and  $(a, p) = 1$  then prove that  $a^{(p-1)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ . CO1 LL2
  - e) Find the remainder when  $3^{100} \times 2^{50}$  is divisible by 5. CO1 LL3
3. Answer any THREE questions. Each question carries four marks. 3x4=12
- a) Verify Continuity of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^x}$  at  $x = 0$ . CO2 LL2

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b) Prove that the limit of a function at a point, if it exists is unique. CO2 LL2

c) Let  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  be two functions such that CO2 LL2

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = l \text{ and } \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = m \text{ then prove that } \lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x) + g(x)] = l + m$$

d) Expand  $\log(1+x)$  upto the term containing  $x^5$  by using Maclaurin's Theorem.

CO2 LL2

e) Evaluate  $\left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$ .

CO2 LL2

4. Answer any **THREE** questions. Each question carries four marks

3x4=12

a) State and prove Euler's Theorem for homogeneous function.

CO3 LL1

b) Find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ . If  $z = \log(x^2 + y^2)$  where  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y = e^t$ .

CO3 LL2

c) Find the Second Taylor Polynomial of the function  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{1+x+y^2}$  at  $x=1$  and  $y=0$ .

CO3 LL3

d) If  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$ , find the Jacobians  $J$  and  $J'$  and also verify  $JJ' = 1$ .

CO3 LL2

e) If  $u = (x-y)^4 + (y-z)^4 + (z-x)^4$  then prove that  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

CO3 LL3

5. Answer any **THREE** questions. Each question carries four marks

3x4=12

a) Evaluate:  $\int (x+y)dx + (y-x)dy$  along the curve

CO4 LL2

$$x = 2t^2 + t + 1, y = t^2 + 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq t \leq 1.$$

b) Evaluate:  $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^2 \cos \theta r^2 dr d\theta$ .

CO4 LL2

c) Evaluate:  $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{\sqrt{x}} xy(x+y) dy dx$  by changing the order of Integration.

CO4 LL3

d) Evaluate:  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dz dy dx$ .

CO4 LL2

e) Find the volume of tetrahedron bounded by the planes  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $z = 0$  &

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1.$$

CO4 LL2

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